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CONTENTS

Regulations relating to parliamentary and local government elections (Representation of the People Regulations)

Chapter 1. Registration of electors. Access to the electoral register (cf. section 2-9 of the Representation of the People Act)
   § 1. Basis for updating the electoral register after 30 June
   § 2. Updating the electoral register
   § 3. Access to copies of the electoral register
   § 4. The electoral register made available for public inspection
   § 5. Excerpt of the Population Registry for pilot purposes

Chapter 2.

Chapter 3. Handling of list proposals (cf. section 6-9 of the Representation of the People Act)
   § 12. Heading on list proposals - language
   § 13. Signatures pursuant to section 6-3 (2) of the Representation of the People Act – writing on paper, duty of secrecy
   § 14. Representatives – committee of representatives
   § 15. Changes to list proposals after the deadline for submission
   § 16. Who represents a registered political party at the local level
   § 17. Information about the candidates
   § 18. Notification of proposers

Chapter 4. Design and printing of ballot papers (cf. section 7-3 of the Representation of the People Act)
   § 19. Requirements concerning ballot papers bearing names of candidates
   § 19a. (Repealed 1 Jan 2012, cf. Regulations of 22 March 2011 No. 318.)
   § 20. Duty to produce blank ballot papers
   § 21. The right to receive ballot papers

Chapter 5. Production, design, distribution and use of polling cards (cf. section 2-9 of the Representation of the People Act)
§ 22. Production, distribution and use of polling cards
§ 23. Design of polling cards

Chapter 6. The conduct of advance voting (cf. section 8-6 of the Representation of the People Act)
§ 24. Announcement of advance voting
§ 24a. Advance voting in Norway during the period 1 July to 9 August
§ 25. Advance voting at health and social institutions
§ 25a. Limitations as regards appointment of election officials
§ 26. Polling stations
§ 27. Procedure for advance voting - forwarding
§ 27a. Contingency procedures for advance voting
§ 28. Postal voting abroad
§ 29. Emptying of ballot boxes during the advance voting period.
§ 29a. Storage and transportation of election material, etc., during the advance voting period

Chapter 7. Organisation and conduct of the voting at election proceedings. Sealing, keeping and transportation of election material (cf. section 9-10 of the Representation of the People Act)
§ 30. The polling stations
§ 31. Use of special cover envelopes
§ 32. Voting immediately outside the polling station
§ 33. Emptying of ballot boxes during Election Day
§ 34. Keeping and transportation of election material. Sealing.
§ 34a. Receipt for hand-over of election material

Chapter 8. Validation of ballots cast and ballot papers. Counting (cf. section 10-10 of the Representation of the People Act)
§ 35. Opening of cover and ballot paper envelopes
§ 36. Several ballot paper envelopes or ballot papers from the same elector
§ 37. Provisional counting of ballot papers cast in advance
§ 38. Ballot papers cast in favour of joint lists
§ 39. The significance of changes when the elector has returned several ballot papers or the same party
§ 39a. A lack of stamp on ballot papers in ballot paper envelopes
§ 40. Counting in another municipal authority area
§ 40a. Stamps on ballot papers cast abroad

Chapter 9. Keeping of the records of the election (cf. section 10-10 of the Representation of the People Act)
§ 41. Preparation of forms

Chapter 10. Penalty fine in pursuance of section 9-9 of the Representation of the People Act, cf. section § 15-11 of the Representation of the People Act
§ 42. Payment of a penalty fine
§ 43. Appeal body
§ 44. The appeal
§ 45. About the appeals procedure

Chapter 11. Commencement
Regulations relating to parliamentary and local government elections
(Representation of the People Regulations)

Statutory basis: Laid down by the Norwegian Ministry of Local Government and Regional Development on 2 January 2003 with a statutory basis in Act no. 57 of 28 June 2002 relating to parliamentary and local government elections (Representation of the People Act) section 2-9, section 5-8, section 6-9, section 7-3, section 8-6, section 9-10, section 10-10 and section 15-11 seventh paragraph.


Chapter 1. Registration of electors. Access to the electoral register (cf. section 2-9 of the Representation of the People Act)

§ 1. Basis for updating the electoral register after 30 June

Updates in the electoral register after 30 June can only take place on the basis of the following conditions:

a) Demands for correction, errors discovered or complaints.

b) Notice of a change of residence that was not registered before the draft electoral register was printed, but which was received by the Population Registry Authority by the cut-off date of 30 June. The person shall be included in the electoral register in the municipal authority area to which he or she has moved and be deleted from the electoral register in the municipality from which he or she has moved.

c) Application to be included in the electoral register from a person living abroad. The person shall be included in the electoral register in the municipal authority area in which he or she was last registered as a resident.

d) When people living abroad move back to Norway. The person shall be included in the electoral register in the municipal authority area to which he or she has moved. If the person is already included in the electoral register in a different municipal authority area, he or she shall be deleted from the electoral register where he or she was previously registered.

e) When acquiring Norwegian citizenship. If the person’s acquisition of citizenship means that he or she is entitled to vote in the election, he or she shall be included in the electoral register in the municipal authority area where he or she lives.

f) In the event of death. The person shall be deleted from the electoral register, unless he or she has already cast an approved vote in advance.

g) In municipal and county council elections, persons who are not Norwegian nationals but who otherwise satisfy the provisions concerning voting rights on Election Day shall be deleted from the electoral register if they move from Norway after the cut-off date.


§ 2. Updating the electoral register

(1) The Ministry shall ensure that the electoral register is kept up to date pursuant to Section 1 up to the Saturday preceding Election Day.
(2) If the electoral register is to be amended following demand for correction of errors or complaints pursuant to Section 1 litra a, the Electoral Committee must notify the Population Registry Authority accordingly.

(3) The Electoral Committee shall ensure that Norwegian citizens who have been living abroad for more than ten years, and who apply and cast a vote by the end of Election Day at 9 pm, in accordance with Section 1 litra c, are manually registered in the electoral register.

(4) The Electoral Committee must not include in or remove from the electoral register anyone who would then be included in the electoral register in more than one municipal authority area, or would not be included in the electoral register in any municipal authority area. In such cases the Electoral Committee must not update the electoral register without first ensuring that the electoral register in the other municipal authority area has been updated correspondingly.

(5) The Electoral Committee must not include in the electoral register any voter who is included in the electoral register in another municipal authority area and has voted in advance in that municipal authority area.

0 Amended by Regulations no. 139 of 16 February 2005, no. 554 of 30 May 2013.

§ 3. Access to copies of the electoral register

(1) Anyone who submits a list proposal at the election is entitled at no cost to receive one paper copy of the electoral register for the constituency. A demand for a copy of the electoral register must be submitted to the Electoral Committee in the relevant municipal authority area(s) within the deadline set by the Electoral Committee.

(2) Anyone submitting a list proposal may have access to more copies of the electoral register and also lists of specific groups of electors, provided they themselves pay the extra costs relating to this.

(3) Copies of electoral registers and any other material based on the electoral register can only be used for political purposes and shall not be passed on to third parties unless for the purpose of political handling. Linking the electoral register to other public registers is not permitted.

(4) The Electoral Committee shall maintain an overview of all distributed copies of the electoral register and ensure that all are returned to the Electoral Committee within two years.

0 Amended by Regulations no. 139 of 16 February 2005, no. 554 of 30 May 2013.

§ 4. The electoral register made available for public inspection

The electoral register made available for public inspection in pursuance of section 2-6 of the Representation of the People Act shall only contain the name, address and any elector number and ward information of the persons registered in the electoral register.

0 Amended by Regulations no. 504 of 11 May 2007.

§ 5. Excerpt of the Population Registry for pilot purposes
Translation from the Norwegian

Upon order from the Ministry, the Population Registry Authority shall transfer the electoral register based on the provisions concerning voting rights for the purpose of use in pilots.

0 Added by Resolution no. 554 of 30 May 2013.

Chapter 2.

0 This chapter was repealed by Regulations no. 994 of 24 August 2006.

Chapter 3. Handling of list proposals (cf. section 6-9 of the Representation of the People Act)

§ 12. Heading on the list proposal - language

Registered political parties may decide whether the party’s name is to be written in Bokmål or Nynorsk. The party’s name in the Sami language may be included as an addition to the name in Bokmål or Nynorsk.

0 Amended by Regulations no. 149 on 16 February 2005.

§ 13. Signatures pursuant to section 6-3 (2) of the Representation of the People Act – writing on paper, duty of secrecy

(1) The signatures on list proposals submitted by unregistered groups and by registered parties that have not received sufficient support to come under the terms of the simplified rules for the submission of list proposals as laid down in section 6-3 (1) of the Representation of the People Act shall be in writing on paper.

(2) Information about who has signed a list proposal pursuant to section 6-3 (2) of the Representation of the People Act is subject to a duty of confidentiality and shall not be divulged (see section 15-4 (1) of the Representation of the People Act and section 13 first paragraph no. 1 of the Public Administration Act). Information about who shall represent the list proposal is public.

0 Amended by Regulations no. 139 of 16 February 2005.

§ 14. Designated representatives – committee of representatives

(1) If a list proposal from a registered political party has been signed by two board members from the local division of the party, these are considered to be the designated representative and his or her deputy. The board of the local division is considered to comprise the committee of representatives.

(2) If a list proposal submitted in accordance with the requirements laid down in section 6-3 second paragraph of the Representation of the People Act does not state who is the designated representative and the committee of representatives for the list proposal, the two top signatories are considered to be the designated representative and his or her deputy. The five uppermost signatories are considered to comprise the committee of representatives and the next three their deputies.

§ 15. Changes to list proposals after the deadline for submission

(1) After the deadline for submissions of list proposals has expired, list proposers may only make changes to list proposals that are necessary in order to bring it compliance with the requirements of the law
If a candidate is deleted from the list proposal, the designated representative shall decide whether a new name shall be added in the empty space or whether the subsequent names shall advance one position in unchanged order and the list be supplemented with a new name at the bottom. No other modifications are permitted. If the deadline for submission of list proposals has expired, the designated representative shall attach a declaration from the new candidate indicating that he or she is willing to stand as a candidate on the list.

§ 16. Who represents a registered political party at the local level

If it is unclear who is entitled to represent a registered political party at the local level the electoral authorities shall obtain and use as their basis a statement from the party’s executive body, cf. section 3 (2) litra b of the Political Parties Act.


§ 17. Information about the candidates

(1) If information concerning the candidates’ occupations and/or place of residence is included in the list proposal, this shall be done for all candidates on the list.

(2) If information is provided on joint lists about the individual candidate’s affiliation in respect of the various groups behind the proposal, this shall be done for all candidates on the list.

Amended by Regulations no. 139 of 16 February 2005.

§ 18. Notification to list proposers

(1) As soon as the lists have been approved, the designated representatives shall be notified of this and receive a copy of the approved list.

(2) If a list proposal is not approved, the designated representatives for the list proposal shall be notified of this as soon as possible and be informed of their right to lodge an appeal and the conditions relating thereto.

Chapter 4. The design and printing of ballot papers (cf. section 7-3 of the Representation of the People Act)

§ 19. Requirements concerning ballot papers bearing names of candidates

(1) When designing the ballot papers, importance shall be attached to the fact that the ballot papers shall be easy to read.

(2) Ballot papers used at the polling stations must be produced in such a way so that it is not possible to see what the electors have voted after the ballot paper has been folded.

(3) In parliamentary elections, the outside of the ballot paper shall have a coloured patterned page using colour code C0 M60 Y90 K0, and a dark patterned field at the top. The outside of the ballot paper shall have the instruction text and a designated stamp field printed on a white background. The ballot paper shall have a white inside with the names of parties or groups and names of candidates printed, and a folding edge with the same pattern and colour code as the outside.

To the left of candidates’ names, a column of boxes shall be printed allowing voters to change the order of the candidates. The column shall have the heading "Nr.".
the right of the candidates’ names, a column of boxes shall be printed allowing voters to delete candidates. The column shall have the heading "Stryk".

A ballot paper number and a unique ballot paper ID shall be printed at the bottom left of the ballot paper. The ballot paper number shall be printed using the font ariel point 10. The number consists of 22 characters and is generated by the election administration system. The ballot paper number shall be printed on both sides of the folding edge. The ballot paper ID is generated by the printer as the ballot papers are printed, and each ballot paper shall have a unique number. This number shall be printed in font OCRB point 10. This number consists of eight characters. The ballot paper ID shall only be printed on the left side of the folding edge.

Adjustment marks shall be placed both on the inside and outside of the ballot paper as shown in the pictures below.

The ballot paper shall have a perforated folding edge. After folding, the size of the ballot paper shall be 150 by 203 millimetres. It shall be printed on 90-gramme uncoated white paper.

The inside of the ballot paper shall look like this:

The outside of the ballot paper (the patterned side) will look like this:
(4) For municipal council elections, ballot papers shall be white.

(5) For county council elections, ballot papers shall be blue.

(6) The ballot paper shall contain:
   a) information about the election to which it pertains.
   b) the heading showing which party or group the list emanates from. The heading shall be printed in a font size of at least 20 points.
   c) the first name, surname and year of birth of the candidates standing for election on the list. Information about the candidates’ occupation and/or place of residence may be presented on the ballot paper. This shall be done if it is necessary in order to avoid confusion between candidates on the list. On joint lists information may be provided about each candidate’s affiliation in relation to the different groups behind the proposal. If such information is included on the ballot paper, this shall be done for all candidates on the list.
   d) a guide concerning the opportunity one has to make amendments to the ballot paper. If this guide is printed on the reverse of the ballot papers, notice of this shall be given on the front.

(7) On ballot papers for county council elections and municipal council elections, one column of boxes shall be printed so that personal votes may be given. The column shall be placed to the left of the candidates’ name and bear the heading “Personal votes” (Bokmål) or “Personal votes” (Nynorsk).

(8) On ballot papers for municipal council elections a field shall be printed where candidates from other lists may be included. The field shall bear the heading “Candidates from other lists” (Bokmål) or “Candidates from other lists” (Nynorsk). On ballot papers for municipal council elections, candidates who shall have an increased
share of the poll pursuant to section 6-2 (3) of the Representation of the People Act must be placed first on the ballot paper and their names must be printed in bold.

(9) The instructions on ballot papers for parliamentary elections shall explain a) how the voter can change the order of the candidates, and b) that if the voter wants to delete one or more candidate names, a mark must be placed in the box to the right of the candidate name(s).


§ 19a. (Repealed 1 Jan 2012, cf. Regulations of 22 March 2011 No. 318.)

§ 20. Duty to produce blank ballot papers

(1) In connection with parliamentary elections, the County Electoral Committee shall ensure that blank, white ballot papers are produced.

(2) In connection with county council elections, the County Electoral Committee shall ensure that blank, blue ballot papers are produced.

(3) In connection with municipal council elections, the Electoral Committee shall ensure that blank, white ballot papers are produced.

(4) The outside of the blank ballot paper shall have the same design as that of ordinary ballot papers. It shall not set itself apart from other ballot papers. The following text shall be printed on the inside (in Bokmål and Nynorsk, respectively):

BLANK BALLOT PAPER
To be used when returning a blank ballot paper.

or

BLANK BALLOT PAPER
To be used when returning a blank ballot paper.

Amended by Resolution no. 139 of 16 February 2005.

§ 21. The right to receive ballot papers

The representative for each list proposal may on his or her own account demand to receive any number of ballot papers he or she wishes. Such a demand must be submitted within the deadline set by the election authorities.

Chapter 5. Production, design, distribution and use of polling cards (cf. section 2-9 of the Representation of the People Act)


§ 22. Production, distribution and use of polling cards

(1) The electoral register as of 10 July shall form the basis for the production of polling cards.

(2) The polling cards shall have been received by the voters no later than at the start of ordinary advance voting.
(3) If a voter who casts an advance ballot which shall be placed in a ballot paper envelope does not have his or her polling card, the returning officer in Norway (with the exception of Svalbard and Jan Mayen) shall issue the voter with a polling card.

(4) The polling card shall be filled in so that it is possible to clearly identify the voter on the basis of the information on the polling card.


§ 23. Design of polling cards

§ 23. Design of polling cards

(1) The following information shall appear on polling cards distributed in pursuance of section 2-3 of the Election Act:

a) for which election and year they are valid,

b) the voter's name, registered address and year of birth,

c) the name and address of the Electoral Committee in the municipal authority area in which the voter is registered in the electoral register,

d) polling district, rode, page, line, the number of the municipality’s electoral register and the municipal authority area number,

e) the address and opening hours of the polling station on the Election Day(s) and

f) the field where the returning officer shall write down the time and the place where the vote was cast and sign for receipt of the vote.

The polling card shall state that the voter must show a form of identification in order to cast a ballot. General information about the election shall be printed on the back of the polling card. The polling card also has a space for 150 characters where the Electoral Committee can decide to print other information.

(2) Polling cards which the returning officers print for the voter in connection with advance voting when the vote shall be placed in a ballot paper envelope, shall contain the following information:

a) for which election and year they are valid,

b) information which clearly identifies the voter,

c) the name and address of the Electoral Committee in the municipal authority area in which the voter is registered in the electoral register and

d) the time and place the casting of the ballot took place as well as the returning officer’s signature.


Chapter 6. The conduct of advance voting (cf. section 8-6 of the Representation of the People Act)

§ 24. Announcement of advance voting
The Electoral Committee shall announce the time and place of the advance voting.

§ 24 a. Advance voting in Norway during the period 1 July to 9 August

(1) The Electoral Committee has a duty to ensure that voters who contact the municipal authority during the period 1 July to 9 August are able to cast their vote.

(2) The Electoral Committee indicates where such voting is to take place. In so far as it is practically possible, the Electoral Committee shall take into account the voter's wishes with regard to the time at which advance voting will take place.

(3) The rules concerning advance voting laid down in the Election Act and the Election Regulations apply accordingly to the extent they are relevant. Section 8-4, subsections 2, 3 and 4 of the Election Act do not apply.

(4) Voters shall not place their ballot papers in the ballot box. When the ballot paper has been stamped, the voter in person places them in a ballot paper envelope and seals the envelope. The returning officer shall sign the polling card and write down the time and place voting took place. The returning officer shall place the ballot paper envelope and polling card in a cover envelope which is then sealed. The voter shall place the cover envelope in a ballot box.

0 Added by Resolution no. 535 of 20 May 2009, Amended by Regulations no, 554 of 30 May 2013

§ 25. Advance voting at health and social institutions

In connection with voting at health and social institutions, votes may also be cast by people resident in social security and care housing in the immediate vicinity of the institution.

§ 25a. Limitations as regards appointment of election officials

Any candidate who appears on an electoral list in a municipal council election is ineligible for appointment as an election official during the advance voting in the municipality in question. Any candidate who appears on an electoral list in a parliamentary election or county council election is ineligible for appointment as an election official during the advance voting in the municipalities in the county in question.

0 Added by Resolution no. 491 of 13 May 2011.

§ 26. Polling stations

In connection with the organisation of voting in polling stations, importance shall be attached to providing good accessibility to all voters. Blind and partially sighted voters shall be able to vote without having to request assistance.

0 Amended by Regulations no, 554 of 30 May 2013

§ 27. Procedure for advance voting. Forwarding

(1) The returning officer shall show the voter to the place where the ballot papers have been placed before the further procedure pursuant to Section 8-4 of the Election Act is decided.

(2) Voters with voting rights in another constituency shall receive a cross-off ballot paper containing the names of the registered political parties.
(3) If a ballot paper envelope is used in Norway, the returning officer shall sign the polling card and write down the time and place voting took place. The returning officer shall place the ballot paper envelope and polling card in a cover envelope which is then sealed. The voter shall place the cover envelope in a ballot box.

(4) Voters who are not included in the relevant section of the electoral register or who have already been crossed off in the electoral register shall not place their ballot papers in the ballot box. When the ballot paper has been stamped, the voter in person places them in a ballot paper envelope and seals the envelope. The returning officer shall place the ballot paper envelope and polling card in a cover envelope which is then sealed. The voter shall place the cover envelope in a ballot box.

(5) In the case of ambulatory voting, voting in patient rooms and in social security and care housing, the voter will receive a ballot paper for each group that has put up a list at the election. The ballot papers that were handed out shall be placed back in an envelope which is then sealed. The voter can retain the envelope with the remaining ballot papers or give it to the returning officer. The returning officer shall ensure that the returned ballot papers are properly destroyed.

(6) If a vote is cast abroad, on Svalbard or Jan Mayen, the returning officer shall place the ballot paper envelope in a cover envelope and seal this in front of the elector. The returning officer shall then write the following information on the cover envelope:

a) the name and address of the Electoral Committee,

b) the elector’s name, date of birth and Norwegian identity number,

c) the elector’s home address as of 30 June in the year of the election, or the elector’s last address in Norway if he or she has notified the authorities of a move abroad, and

d) the time and place when voting took place.

The returning officer and the voter must then sign the cover envelope.

(7) The same ballot paper envelope is used for both municipal council elections and county council elections.

(8) In the final week of the advance voting period, advance votes shall be forwarded to the elector’s home municipality each day. In connection with the forwarding of cover envelopes, forwarding envelopes may be used.

(9) Advance votes are to be sent as category A mail or in a swifter manner.


§ 27a. Contingency procedures for advance voting

(1) In the event of a power outage or loss of communication with the electronic electoral register, the contingency procedures in this provision shall be enacted immediately.
(2) Voters shall not place the ballot paper directly in a ballot box, but in a separate contingency envelope, cf. Section 8-4 (3) of the Election Act. The voter shall place the contingency envelope in a ballot box.

(3) The contingency envelope must be clearly distinguished from other election materials.

(4) When the contingency situation ceases, the contingency envelopes shall be delivered to the Electoral Committee.

(5) If communication with the electronic electoral register is re-established or the power returns, the contingency procedures shall be discontinued immediately, and voters shall cast their votes in the ordinary manner pursuant to Section 8-4 (2) of the Election Act.

0 Added by Resolution no. 554 of 30 May 2013

§ 28. Postal voting abroad

(1) The elector shall place the ballot paper in a ballot paper envelope. In the case of municipal council elections and county council elections, the same ballot paper envelope shall be used for both elections.

(2) The ballot paper envelope shall be placed inside a cover envelope which is to be sealed.

(3) The elector writes the following information on the outside of the cover envelope:
   a) the name and address of the Electoral Committee,
   b) The elector’s name, date of birth and Norwegian identity number,
   c) the elector’s registered address as at 30 June in the year of the election, or the elector’s last address in Norway if he or she has notified the authorities of a move abroad. and
   d) the time and place when voting occurred.

(4) The elector shall sign the cover envelope.

(5) If possible one witness should confirm the correctness of the information written on the outside of the cover envelope. The address and date of birth of the witness shall be written on the outside of the cover envelope.


§ 29. Emptying of ballot boxes during the advance voting period

If it is necessary to empty ballot boxes during the advance voting period, the Electoral Committee shall ensure that secure routines are established for storage of the content. Ballots cast shall be stored separately from other election material.

0 Amended by Regulations no. 499 of 13 May 2011.

29a. Storage and transportation of election material, etc., during the advance voting period

Section 34 applies correspondingly.

0 Added by Resolution no. 491 of 13 May 2011.
Chapter 7. Organisation and conduct of the voting at election proceedings. Sealing, keeping and transportation of election material (cf. section 9-10 of the Representation of the People Act)

§ 30. The polling stations

Section 26 shall apply accordingly when organising matters for voters at the election proceedings.

0 Amended by Resolutions no. 554 of 30 May 2013

§ 31. Use of special cover envelopes

Voters who are not included in the relevant section of the electoral register or who have already been crossed off in the electoral register shall not place their ballot papers in the ballot box. When the ballot paper has been stamped, the voter in person places them in a ballot paper envelope and seals the envelope. The polling committee shall place the ballot paper in a special cover envelope, seal it and write on it the voter’s name, residential address and date of birth.

0 Amended by Resolutions no. 554 of 30 May 2013

§ 32. Voting immediately outside the polling station

(1) If the elector appears in the register of electors in the municipal authority area, a cross shall be placed in the register of electors by the elector's name before he is given ballot papers.

(2) Two returning officers take with them one set of ballot papers – one ballot paper for each group with an electoral list – a stamp and a ballot box out to the elector.

(3) The elector folds the ballot paper in person, or alternatively with assistance pursuant to section 9-5 (5) of the Representation of the People Act, and places it in the ballot box after it has been stamped by one returning officer. The returning officers then bring the ballot box back into the polling station. The returning officers must not return any of the ballot papers given to the elector.

(4) If the elector does not appear in the register of electors in the municipal authority area, or if a cross has already been placed in the register of electors by the elector’s name, the ballot paper must not be placed in the ballot box, but must be dealt with in pursuance of section 31.

0 Amended by Resolution no. 323 of 19 April 2005.

§ 33. Emptying of ballot boxes during Election Day

If it is necessary to empty ballot boxes during Election Day, the Electoral Committee shall ensure that the polling committees adhere to the following procedure.

1. The seal on the ballot box shall be broken by at least two members of the polling committee together.

2. The content shall be emptied into a suitable container immediately, which is then sealed and labelled with serial numbers.

Amended by Regulations no. 491 of 13 May 2011.

§ 34. Keeping and transportation of election material. Sealing.
(1) The Electoral Committee shall establish secure routines for keeping and transporting election material at all stages of election proceedings.

(2) The election material must be sealed if at times it is not under direct supervision of the election authorities. Such sealing shall be carried out so that no one can access the sealed material without leaving clear marks.

(3) All transportation of election material shall take place in the safest and quickest manner possible and by others than those who store the sealing equipment.

Amended by Resolution no. 139 of 16 February 2005.

§ 34 a. Receipt for hand-over of election material

(1) In all elections, receipts must be issued upon hand-over of election material from the polling committee to the Electoral Committee, detailing what was handed over, who performed the hand-over and who received the material, as well as a statement of the time and place of the hand-over. The receipt must at least contain information about the submission of the meeting protocol of the polling committee, cross-off electoral register, the number of ballot boxes, the number of units containing ballot papers in sealed packaging and the stamp for stamping of ballot papers.

(2) In parliamentary elections and county council elections, receipts must be issued upon hand-over of election material from the polling committee to the Electoral Committee, detailing what was handed over, who performed the hand-over and who received the material, as well as a statement of the time and place of the hand-over. The receipt must at least contain information about the submission of the meeting protocol of the polling committee and the number of units containing ballot papers in sealed packaging.

(3) For parliamentary elections, § 34 a (2) applies correspondingly for the City of Oslo when handing over material to the County Governor of Oslo and Akershus.

(4) The recipient shall, upon hand-over, verify that the material handed over correlates with the receipt. The receipt shall be signed by the person delivering and the person receiving the material.

Amended by Resolution no. 491 of 213 May 2011.

Chapter 8. Validation of the ballots cast and ballot papers. Counting (cf. section 10-10 of the Representation of People Act)

§ 35. Opening of cover and ballot paper envelopes

The Electoral Committee shall ensure that the opening of cover and ballot paper envelopes is not carried out by the same people, if this takes place at the same time. Two people must be present at the opening of ballots cast.

§ 36. Several ballot paper envelopes or ballot papers from the same elector

If one vote contains several ballot paper envelopes or ballot papers without an envelope, the ballot paper or ballot papers shall be placed unread in one ballot paper envelope.
§ 37. Provisional counting of ballot papers cast in advance

The Electoral Committee shall keep a certain number of ballot papers cast in advance separate from the provisional count and mix these in with ballot papers cast in advance that are received after the provisional count has begun.

§ 38. Ballots papers cast in favour of joint lists

A ballot paper in the name of one of the groups forming a joint list shall be considered to have been cast in favour of the joint list.

§ 39. The significance of changes when the elector has returned several ballot papers for the same party

If an elector at the same election has returned several ballot papers for the same party and some of them have been changed, the following shall apply:

a) if only one of the ballot papers has been changed, it shall be approved,

b) if several ballot papers have been changed in the same way, one of the ballot papers shall be approved,

c) if several of the ballot papers have been changed in different ways, one of the ballot papers shall be approved, but the changes will be ignored.

§ 39a. A lack of stamp on ballot papers in ballot paper envelopes

If a ballot paper that has been placed in a ballot paper envelope during the advance voting period in Norway and during the election proceedings lacks a public stamp, the Electoral Committee shall stamp the ballot paper afterwards.

0 Added by Regulation no. 535 of 20 May 2009, no. 554 of 30 May 2013

§ 40. Counting in another municipal authority area

All counting of ballot papers carried out in another municipal authority area or by the County Electoral Committee, shall take place under the inspection of the Electoral Committee.

§ 40 a Stamps on ballot papers cast abroad

The Electoral Committee shall stamp ballot papers cast abroad if they are to be counted by machine.

0 Added by Resolutions no. 554 of 30 May 2013

Chapter 9. Keeping the record of elections (cf. section 10-10 of the Representation of the People Act)

§ 41. Preparation of forms

The Ministry shall prepare forms in which administrative matters, the receipt and handling of ballot papers and votes cast, counting, the final election result and checking shall be recorded. The electoral authorities are obliged to use the stipulated forms.
Chapter 10. Penalty fine pursuant to section 9-9 of the Representation of the People Act, cf. section 15-11 of the Representation of the People Act

§ 42. Payment of a penalty fine

(1) A penalty fine shall fall due for payment three weeks after notice concerning a final decision in a case concerning the imposing of a penalty fine has reached the entity.

(2) In the event of late payment of the penalty fine, interest on overdue payment is accrued in accordance with Act no. 100 of 17 December 1976 relating to interest on overdue payments etc.

(3) If the penalty fine has not been paid by the due date pursuant to the first paragraph of the Act, the penalty fine and interest may be recovered fourteen days after notice of recovery has reached the entity.

§ 43. Appeal body

(1) Decisions concerning the imposing of a penalty fine in pursuance of section 15-11 of the Representation of the People Act may be appealed to an independent appeal body.

(2) The members of the appeal body are appointed by the King for a five-year period. The appeal body shall consist of three members and two deputies with adequate competence. Among the members the King shall appoint a leader who has competence as a judge. Members may not be dismissed or suspended during the term of office unless there is a particular reason to do so.

(3) The Ministry appoints a technical secretariat for the appeal body. The office of the secretariat shall be placed with an advocate.

(4) The appeal body cannot reverse the decision of the Norwegian Media Authority on its own initiative. Neither the King nor any other supreme body may instruct the appeal body or the secretariat with regard to interpretation of the law, the exercising of discretion, decisions concerning individual cases or administrative procedure.

(5) The appeal body’s deliberations take place in a meeting. Decisions are made by simple majority.

(6) Decisions made by the appeal body cannot be appealed, but may in the ordinary way be brought before a court of law.

§ 44. The appeal

(1) The appeal must be lodged no later than three weeks after notice to impose a penalty fine has reached the entity.

(2) The appeal shall contain the name and address of the complainant. The appeal shall be in writing and state the actual facts and legal aspects on which the appeal is based. Relevant documentary evidence must be attached.

0 Added by Regulation no. 535 of 20 May 2009.
§ 45. Concerning the appeals procedure

(1) The appeal shall be submitted to the Norwegian Media Authority who will ensure that investigations necessitated by the appeal are carried out. The Norwegian Media Authority may set aside or amend the decision if it finds the appeal to be reasonable. If the Norwegian Media Authority finds no basis for reversing the decision, the documents must be sent to the appeal body’s secretariat.

(2) The appeal body shall review all aspects of the case, including any new information relating to the case. The appeal body shall consider any views submitted by the complainant, and may take up matters that the complainant has raised.

(3) The appeal body shall ensure that the case is illuminated in the best manner possible.

0 Added by Regulation no. 535 of 20 May 2009.

Chapter 11. Commencement

0 Amended by Regulation no. 535 of 20 May 2009 (formerly chapter 10).

These Regulations come into force immediately.